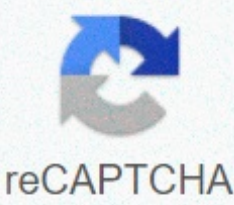




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Airthings wave plus factory reset

If you're ready to sell your Mac, share it with a friend or family member, or if you've given up troubleshooting a fault system, it's time to reset your Mac to factory settings. This process cleanly deletes the system and allows you or the new owner of the Mac to set it up as a new machine. No one can access the data it once housed. Here's a look at what's involved when you perform a factory setup on your Mac. The information here applies to any Mac computer running OS X or macOS, with additional instructions when your computer runs Catalina. Whether you're preparing your Mac for a new owner or just restarting your system after troubleshooting fails, you'll need to take several steps to make a factory setting: back up your computer, disable certain features and services, delete the hard drive, and then reinstall a new version of macOS. After that, you can migrate personal data to a new Mac, depending on your circumstances. It is important to stay connected to the Internet during this process to ensure that you can disable online accounts and download the latest macOS that is compatible with your system. Your Mac is full of important files and data, so it's important to make a backup before you proceed with the factory reset. It's easy to back up with Time Machine. When you're using iCloud, it's even easier to make sure all your data is backed up. Here's a look at the backup process with Time Machine and iCloud. There are also other backup options, such as making a clone of your drive with a product like SuperDuper. It is important that you have a backup. To create a Time Machine backup, you need an external storage device, such as a NAS device or a simple external hard drive that is directly connected to your Mac, such as a USB, Thunderbolt, or FireWire drive. If Time Machine doesn't automatically ask to use your drive, add it manually. Once you've added your drive, Time Machine can start creating backups. Connect your storage device to your Mac. You may receive a message that says: Do you want to use [Backup Disk] to back up with Time Machine? If this is the intervention, enable Encrypt Backup Disk (recommended) and then select Use as backup disk. If Time Machine doesn't automatically ask to use your drive, add it manually. Select the Time Machine icon (clock) from the Mac menu bar. If the does not appear in the menu bar, select System Settings from the Apple menu, select Time Machine, and then select Show Time Machine in the menu bar. Select From the Open Settings menu for the time machine. Select Select Disk (it can say add or remove backup hard drive). Select your external drive from the list options. Check Encrypt Backups (recommended, but optional), and then select Use Disk. Place a check mark next to Automatically Back up so that Time Machine automatically creates regular backups. If you've already set up iCloud and iCloud Drive on your Mac, your important files can already be backed up. iCloud keeps your critical personal personal synchronized on your devices and backed up to the cloud. This includes contacts, calendar data, notes, e-mail files, and other selected files. iCloud Drive stores everything else, including your desktop and document folders, in macOS Sierra and later. To check your iCloud and iCloud drive settings, select System Settings from the Apple menu. Select Apple ID. If you're using macOS Mojave or earlier, select iCloud instead. Select Options to view the apps that store documents and data in iCloud Drive. Scroll through the list. If there are unchecked check boxes next to apps that are a pledge, select them now and select Done. Lighting iTunes is important to stop your computer from being linked to your iTunes account. The process differs depending on your version of MacOS, but you can usually deauthorize the authorization of one computer without deauthorizing the authorization of your other devices. With Catalina, you can access the iTunes Store through the Music app. Open the Music app on your Mac. Select Music > Settings from the menu bar. On the General settings tab, next to Ads, select iTunes Store, and then click OK. Select Account in the Music menu bar and select Authorizations from the drop-down menu. Select This computer from the Deauthorize fly-out options. You will be prompted to sign in with your Apple ID. Select Deauthorize to complete the process. Open iTunes. In the menu bar at the top of the computer screen or at the top of the iTunes window, select Account > Authorizations > Unauthorize this computer. If prompted, enter your Apple ID and password. Select Deauthorize.' For older versions of iTunes, select > Deauthorize this computer. FileVault is a disk encryption program available in Mac OS X 10.3 and later. It is not enabled by default, but if you use it, it's a good idea to turn it off. In the Apple menu, open the system settings. Choose Security & Privacy. Select the FileVault tab. If FileVault is turned off for the disc [main disk name], you don't need to do anything. If FileVault is enabled, select the padlock icon, enter your user name and password, and select Unlock. Select Disable FileVault. Enter your user name and password when prompted and wait for the process to complete. Now it's time to sign out of iCloud. Select System Settings from the Apple menu. In macOS, select Catalina (10.15) and later Apple ID > Overview > Sign out. Choose macOS Mojave (10.14) and earlier iCloud > Sign out. You'll see a message asking if you want to save a copy of your iCloud data to your Mac. Because you are reformatting the hard drive in a later step, select Keep Copy to continue. If you have a Touch ID device, such as .B MacBook Pro or MacBook

Air, you'll need to confirm that your payment information will be removed from your Mac. You've now signed out iCloud on your Mac. Your iCloud data remains in iCloud and on any other device you signed in to with your Apple ID. If you are using OS X Mountain Lion or or unsubscribe from iMessage. Open the Messages app. On the Messages menu, select Settings > iMessage. (In previous versions, select Messages > Settings > Accounts.) Select Sign out. This step is optional, but it's a good idea to decouple Bluetooth devices such as keyboards, mice, and trackpads that are currently paired with your Mac. Select System Settings from the Apple menu. Select Bluteooth. Hover over the device you want to unpair and select the Remove button (x) next to the device name. In the Remove dialog box, select and ask if you are safe. If you're using an iMac, Mac Pro, or Mac mini, you'll need to use a USB or other wired keyboard and mouse to complete the next step. On the Apple menu, select Restart. Hold Command + R. Release the buttons if you see an Apple logo, a rotating globe, or another home screen, depending on the macOS version. Enter all the requested passwords. The operation is complete when the Utilities window appears. We'll look at this process first in Catalina, as it adds a second volume of data to macOS. Select Disk Utility from the Utilities window in macOS Recovery. Select Next. Make sure the Sidebar of the Disk Utility displays the name of your hard drive. Your boot disk should be called Macintosh HD unless you have renamed it. In the sidebar, find a data volume with the same name as your hard drive, such as .B Macintosh HD - Data. If you have this volume, select it. Select > Delete APFS Volume from the Edit menu bar, or select the Delete Volume (–) button from the Disk Utility toolbar. When prompted for confirmation, select Delete. (Do not select Delete Volume Group.) After deleting the volume, select Macintosh HD (or whatever you call your drive) in the sidebar. Select the Delete button or tab. Enter a name that you want the volume to have after deletion, e.B. Macintosh HD. Under Format, select either APFS or Mac OS Extended (Journaled) to format as a Mac volume. Disk Utility displays the recommended Mac format by default. Select Delete to start deleting the disk. You may be prompted to enter your Apple ID. Stop sending time to return to the Utilities window. Select macOS in the Reinstall Utilities window and follow the on-screen instructions to reinstall macOS on the volume. There is no additional volume to delete in these macOS versions. Select Disk Utility from the Utilities in macOS Recovery window Select Next. Select your main hard drive, usually called Macintosh HD, in the sidebar on the left. Select the Delete button. Select a name and format for your storage drive and press Delete. Select macOS in the Reinstall Utilities window and follow the on-screen instructions to reinstall macOS on the volume. After you wipe the drive cleanly and reinstall macOS, the Mac restarts on a splash screen and prompts you to select a country or region. If you are selling or giving away the system, do not proceed with the setup process. Instead, press Command + Q to shut down the machine. The Setup Wizard Setup Wizard guide the new owner through the process. Thank you for letting us know! Tell us why! Why!

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